

Nomenclatural notes on algae. IX. Validation of various combinations for algae, fossil and extant

Eduardo A. Molinari-Novoa¹ & Michael D. Guiry²

¹*La Molina' National Agrarian University, Lima 15024, Peru* (correspondence:
eduardomolinov@gmail.com)

²*AlgaeBase, Ryan Institute, University of Galway, Galway, H91 TK33, Ireland*

While curating the entries of AlgaeBase (Guiry & Guiry 2025), it became apparent to us that some combinations for entities taxonomically accepted have been proposed without satisfying the requirements of the *International Code of Nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants* (ICN, Madrid Code, Turland & al. 2025), or were carried out overlooking some nomenclatural issues, rendering them incorrect. These errors are briefly discussed and corrected here, with the proposal of 9 new combinations and the validation of a flagellate species.

Bourrelly (1966, 1968, 1970) proposed several names without “...a full and direct reference ... to its author and the place of valid publication...” required after 1 January 1953 (ICN Art. 41.5), rendering them invalid. While this is not an extensive list, and the monographic works of this author need a full nomenclatural assessment, these combinations provide valid, correct names for the type species of *Ampullamonas* Skvortzov, *Baranovia* Skvortzov, *Pirulus* J.W.Snow (≡ *Pirula* J.W.Snow) and *Trachycystis* Pascher.

It should be noted that we have adopted here and in AlgaeBase the spelling “Skvortzov” for Boris Vasilievich Skvortzov (1896–1980) whose publications employed several variants including “Skvortsov” and “Skvortzow” (see Williams & al. 2016).

Arachnochloris subsolitaria (Pascher) Molinari & Guiry, *comb. nov.*

Basionym: *Trachycystis subsolitaria* Pascher 1938: 492, figs 343–345.

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105797>

Distigma repens (Skvortzov) Molinari & Guiry, *comb. nov.*

Basionym: *Ampullamonas repens* Skvortzov 1969: 235 ('repentes').

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105798>

Note: *Ampullamonas repens* Skvortzov 1957: 174, pl. 4: fig. 24 (as 'repentes') is invalid as the genus name was invalid at this time (type not indicated). The genus name was validated in Skvortzov (1969: 235) by indication of "*Ampullamonas repentes*" as type.

Distigma rotans Molinari & Guiry, *sp. nov.*

Replaced designation: “*Ampullamonas rotante*” Skvortzov 1957: 175, pl. 4: fig. 25, *nom. inval.*

Description (Latin): Skvortzov (1957: 175)

Type: Skvortzov (1957: pl. 4: fig. 25, ICN Art. 40.5)

Type locality: “*Prope Charbin, in stagno, Manchuria borealis.*” [in a pool of standing water near Harbin, Heilongjiang Province, northern China.]

Registration (of name): <http://phycobank.org/105799>

Note: The specific adjectival epithets ‘*repentes*’ and ‘*rotante*’, respectively the plural nominative of *repens* and the ablative singular of *rotans*, are corrected to the singular nominative form, in accordance with ICN Art. 23.5. “*Ampullamonas rotante*” Skvortzov is invalid as the genus name

Ampullamonas was not valid at the time of publication and was not subsequently validated by Skvortzov.

***Distigma stagnale* (Skvortzov) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Baranovia stagnalis* Skvortzov 1957: 174, pl. 5: fig. 11.

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105801>

***Heterococcus gemmatus* (J.W.Snow) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Pirulus gemmatus* J.W.Snow 1911: 360, pl. XVIII [18]: figs 1–8 (as *Pirula* in Snow 1912).

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105823>

Note: Snow (1912: 347) “corrected” his original spelling of “*Pirulus*” to “*Pirula*”. Art. 60.1, while indicating that the original spelling of a name should be retained, does exclude orthographic corrections. *Index Nominum Algarum* notes: “Cells are pear-shaped, so the name is intended to be a diminutive. *Pirus* [= pear tree] or *pira* [vulgar Latin, pear fruit] are feminine, so the appropriate nominative ending would be “-ula”. I think that this is correctable without reference to the published correction.” The author of the note is likely to be Paul C. Silva. However, Kusber (pers. comm.) considered that *Pirulus* should be retained as *Pirus*, a pear-tree, is feminine. *Pirula* might also be a little close to *Pyrola* Linnaeus (*Ericaceae*).

***Pseudochlorangium anomalum* (Korshikov) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Chlorangiopsis anomala* Korshikov 1932: 583, pl. 10: figs 39–47.

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105824>

Note: *Pseudochlorangium* was not validly published by Bourrelly (1966), as it lacked a Latin description or diagnosis (ICN Art. 44.1), the genus was validated by Hindák (1998: 388).

In previous works (Molinari Novoa 2016, Molinari Novoa & Guiry 2021), the authors reclassified some algal species in newly named genera proposed as replacements for illegitimate ones. The following species were unfortunately overlooked at the time.

***Cyanoleptophycus mongolicus* (A.V.Sochava) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Leptophycus mongolicus* A.V.Sochava 1977: 93, 153, pl. 6: figs 4, 5.

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105825>

***Uvulifera lecideae* (Warén) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Coccobotrys lecideae* Warén 1920: 64, pl. I [1]: fig. 8, pl. II [2]: fig. 14.

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105828>

Note: Originally described as the phycobiont of the lichen *Lecidea fuliginea* Acharius, nom. illeg., currently *Placynthiella icmalea* (Acharius) Coppins & P.James (Coppins 1989). No type locality was indicated.

Mamet & Roux (1984a) proposed the genus *Poncetella* (*Bryopsidales familia incertae sedis*, cf. Pille 2008) for two Devonian calcareous algae: *Solenopora erecta* Poncet (1971) from Cotentin, northern France, and a new species, *P. veeverssii*, from New South Wales, Australia. The genus is typified by the first species, a validly published one, thus satisfying Art. 40.1 of the ICN. However, no combination was proposed for *S. erecta*, which remained uncombined under *Poncetella*.

Despite its validity, the generic name *Poncetella* is a later illegitimate homonym (ICN Art. 53.1) of *Poncetella* Güvenç (1979). This was corrected by Mamet & Roux (1984b), who replaced it with

Poncetellina Mamet & A.Roux. Once again, no combinations under the new name were proposed, nor they appear to have been validated elsewhere.

***Poncetellina erecta* (Poncet) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Solenopora erecta* Poncet 1971: 93, pl. 2: figs 5–8.

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105829>

***Poncetellina veeversii* (Mamet & A.Roux) Molinari & Guiry, comb. nov.**

Basionym: *Poncetella veeversii* Mamet & A.Roux 1984a: 71, pl. 4: figs. 1–6 ('veeversi').

Registration: <http://phycobank.org/105830>

Note: The epithet is corrected to *veeversii* in accordance with ICN Art. 60.8.

Bourrelly, P. (1966). Les algues d'eau douce. Initiation à la systématique. Algues vertes. Vol. 1 pp. 1–512, 14 figures, 117 plates. Paris: Éditions N. Boubée et Cie.

Bourrelly, P. (1968). Les algues d'eau douce. Initiation à la systématique. Algues jaunes et brunes. Vol. 2 pp. 1–517, 20 figures, 114 plates. Paris: Éditions N. Boubée et Cie.

Bourrelly, P. (1970). Les algues d'eau douce. Initiation à la systématique. Algues bleues et rouges. Eуглениен, Peridiniens et Cryptomonadines. Vol. 3 pp. 1–512, 5 figures, 137 plates. Paris: Éditions N. Boubée et Cie.

Coppins, B.J. (1989). (945) Proposal to Conserve *Micarea* Fries (Dec. 1825) against *Micarea* Fries (Pre-May 1825) (Fungi). *Taxon* 38(3): 499–501.

Guiry, M.D. & Guiry, G.M. (2025). AlgaeBase. World-wide electronic publication, University of Galway. <https://www.algaebase.org>; searched on July 31, 2025.

Güvenç, T. (1979). Dasycladacées métaspondyles du Paléozoïque supérieur et du Trias. *Bulletin des Centres de Recherches Exploration-Production Elf-Aquitaine* 3(2): 625–637, 5 figures, 1 table.

Hindák, F. (1998). Morphology and taxonomy of some unicellular chlorophytes attached on planktic organisms. *Biologia, Bratislava* 53: 381–401, 86 figures.

Index Nominum Algarum, University Herbarium, University of California, Berkeley. Compiled by Paul Silva. Available online at <http://ucjeps.berkeley.edu/CPD/>

Korshikov, A.A. (1932). Studies in the Vacuolatae I. *Archiv für Protistenkunde* 78: 557–612.

Mamet, B.L. & Roux, A. (1984a). Algues dévono-carbonifères de l'Australie. *Revue de Micropaléontologie* 26(2): 63–131, 5 figures, 16 plates.

Mamet, B.L. & Roux, A. (1984b). *Poncetellina* nomen novum (Algue verte). *Revue de Micropaléontologie* 27(2): 138.

Molinari-Novoa, E.A. (2016). *Uvulifera*, a new generic name for *Coccobotrys* (*Chaetophoraceae*). *Notulae Algarum* 5: 1–2.

Molinari-Novoa, E.A. & Guiry, M.D. (2021). Nomenclatural notes on algae. IV. Further replacement names for various algal taxa. *Notulae Algarum* 183: 1–10.

Pascher, A. (1938). Heterokonten. In: *Kryptogamen-Flora von Deutschland, Österreich und der Schweiz*. (Rabenhorst, L. Eds) Vol. 11(4), pp. 481–640. Leipzig: Akademische Verlagsgesellschaft.

Pille, L. (2008). *Foraminifères et algues calcaires du Mississippien supérieur (Viséen supérieur-Serpukhovien) : rôles biostratigraphique, paléoécologique et paléogéographique aux échelles locale, régionale et mondiale*. Appendix 1: Systematics of algae, "pseudo-algae", various microproblematica and foraminifers. Appendix 2: Atlas of Mississippian Foraminifers and calcareous algae of South France and England. pp. [1]–255, 72 plates. Lille: Université de Lille.

Poncet, J. (1971). *Pseudochaetetes devoniensis* (Johnson) et *Solenopora erecta* n. sp., Solenoporaceae des calcaires dévoniens de l'horizon récifal de Baubigny (Cotentin). *Revue de Micropaléontologie* 14(2): 91–95, 2 plates.

Skvortzov, B.V. (1957). New and rare Flagellatae from Manchuria, Eastern Asia. *Philippine*

- Journal of Science* 86(2): 139–202, 6 plates.
- Skvortzov, B.V. (1969). New and little-known genera of colourless flagellates of Fam. Astasiaceae, Euglenophyceae recorded in 1954–1968 from N.E. China and Brasil. *Quarterly Journal of the Taiwan Museum* 22(3–4): 223–239, 31 figures.
- Snow, J.W. (1911). Two epiphytic algae. *Botanical Gazette* 51: 360–368, plate 18.
- Snow, J.W. (1912). Two epiphytic algae: a correction. *Botanical Gazette* 53: 347 only.
- Sochava, A.V. (1977). Rannemelovyye stromatolity Mongolii [Early Cretaceous stromatolites of Mongolia]. *Trudy Sovmestnoy Sovetskogo-Mongolskoy Paleontologicheskoy Ekspeditsii* 4: 145–160, 8 figures, 6 tables. [in Russian with English abstract]
- Turland, N.J., Wiersema, J.H., Barrie, F.R., Gandhi, K.N., Gravendyck, J., Greuter, W., Hawksworth, D.L., Herendeen, P.S., Klopper, R.R., Knapp, S., Kusber, W.-H., Li, D.-Z., May, T.W., Monro, A.M., Prado, J., Price, M.J., Smith, G.F. & Zamora Señoret, J.C. editors (2025). *International code of nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants (2025 Edition Madrid Code)*. *Regnum Vegetabile* Volume 162. pp. [i]–xlvii, 1–303. Chicago & London: The University of Chicago Press.
- Warén, H. (1920). Reinkulturen von Flechtengonidien. *Öfversigt af Finska vetenskaps-societetens Förhandlingar* 61A(14): 1–80, 1 figure, 9 plates.
- Williams, D.M., Gololobova, M. & Glebova, E. (2016). Boris Vasil'evich Skvortzov (1896–1980): notes on his life, family and scientific studies. *Diatom Research* 31(3): 313–321, 11 figures, 1 table.